



CHRIST IN THE PASS OVER



A VISUAL GUIDE TO HELP YOU UNDERSTAND PASSOVER

Notes:

- God's Hebrew/Lunar calendar (Genesis 1:1-5 "evening and the morning" made a day) differs from our modern day calendar. We use the Gregorian/Roman/Solar calendar.
- The Hebrew day begins at sunset/dark (6pm), 12 hours of night, and ends after light/sunrise (6am), 12 hours of day
- Therefore, it is difficult for us to correlate the timing of Christ's death, burial, and resurrection
- The Feasts ordained by God in Leviticus 23 were appointed times and "dress rehearsals" for their final fulfillment in Christ (Colossians 2:17)
- The four spring Feasts were fulfilled with Christ's first advent: Passover/Crucifixion; Unleavened Bread/Burial; Firstfruits/Resurrection; Pentecost/Holy Spirit. These represent Christ's priestly role and His coming as the suffering servant.
- The three fall Feasts have yet to be fulfilled and will see their fulfillment in Christ's second advent. Common interpretations for these are: Trumpets/Rapture; Day of Atonement/2nd Coming; Tabernacles or Booths/Millennium and Heaven. These represent Christ's kingly role and His coming as the King.
- In between Christ's two advents is the church age.

How to use the chart:

- Since we are using two calendars (God's Hebrew & our Roman) to piece this together, the major emphasis is to look at Scripture using God's timeframe. Therefore, God's days beginning at 6pm are indicated with black bold lines. The month of Nisan, from God's calendar, is the baseline for Passover.
- As a point of reference, our Roman calendar day beginning at 12am is indicated using the light gray divider. These days are marked Sunday, Monday, etc.
- The 12 hours of "day" is shaded in yellow to visually make it easier to interpret when the events happened. Further, pushpins are used to approximate the hour the event happened.
- Brackets are used to help highlight the 3 days in the tomb leading up to His resurrection.
- The pink heading on each day represent what the Jews rehearsed for thousands of years with the Feasts. This is what the Jews were doing when Christ was on the cross.
- The teal headings represent Christ's fulfillment of each aspect of the Feasts.
- Scriptures are provided for your reference.

CHRIST IN THE PASSOVER



Lamb Brought
Jesus Enters
Jerusalem
"Triumphant
Entry"

- entered riding donkey
- chosen by people
- Hosanna, palm branches

NISAN 10 / 1ST DAY

PALM SUNDAY

Exodus 12:1-6
Ps 118:26
Zech 9:9
Lk 19:28-38
Jn 12:12-15
Mk 11:1-11
Mt 21:1-11

NISAN 11 / 2ND DAY

MONDAY

Lamb Kept
Jesus Taught

Lamb Kept
Jesus Taught

NISAN 12 / 3RD DAY

TUESDAY

Lamb Kept
Jesus Taught

Lamb Killed
PASSEVER

Preparation Day for
Unleavened Bread & special
Sabbath

Last Supper

Jesus Taken
to Cross 12pm

Jesus Crucified & Died
@ 9th Hour 3pm

Buried Before 6pm,
start of new day

In Tomb
1st Day & Night

Matt 26:17, 26-28
Mk 14:12-25; 15:34-37; Lk 22:1, 7-20
Ex 12:6,8

NISAN 14 / 5TH DAY

THURSDAY

Lev 23:5
Lk 23:44
Jn 19:14, 31
Jn 19:38-42
1 Cor 5:7

NISAN 15 / 6TH DAY

FRIDAY

Silence
FEAST OF
UNLEAVENED BREAD
BEGINS
"Special Sabbath"

In Tomb
2nd Day & Night

Lev 23:6-7
Ex 12:34, 39

Silence

NISAN 16 / 7TH DAY / SABBATH

SATURDAY

In Tomb
3rd Day & Night

Lev 23:3

Feast of Firstfruits
Sacrifice to God
3 Days After
Passover

Jesus
Resurrection

Tomb Empty at
Daylight

Lev 23:9-14
1 Cor 15:20-23
Lk 24:1
Mk 16:1-2
Mt 28:1
Jn 20:1
Jas 1:18

NISAN 17 / 8TH DAY

SUNDAY

NISAN 13 / 4TH DAY

WEDNESDAY

6 PM

6 AM

6 PM

6 AM

6 PM

6 AM

6 PM

6 AM

6 PM

6 AM